

Trajectory Design for the Transiting Exoplanet Survey Satellite (TESS)

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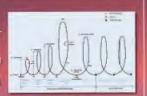
Mission Overview

- TESS, an Explorer-class mission, will perform an all-sky survey over 2 years
- Science orbit is highly eccentric, highly inclined, in 2:1 resonance with the Moon
 - Choice inspired by analysis of KRONOS (2:1) and IBEX (3:1) mission orbits
- Lunar gravity assist to achieve Science orbit
- 3.5 Phasing loops

Requirements

- Lunar Resonant Phasing condition for Operational orbit stability: need Moon-Earth-Spacecraft angle at apogee of 90 ± 30 dea
- Short, infrequent eclipses: Need Initial ediptic AOP between 35 and 40 deg
- Perigee between 7 and 22 Earth Radii for duration of mission

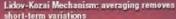




Dynamical Systems

Circular Restricted 3-Body Problem (CR3BP)

- Assess fong-term behavior, stability, variability
- Continuation method used to find three families of resonant periodic orbits (planar, mirror, axial) analogous to Libration
- Floquet analysis of mirror solution showed it is neutrally stable with medium-term (9 month) and long-term (12 year) oscillations
- Analysis was extended to include Sun in Bi-Circular Restricted 4-Body Problem



For highly eccentric, highly inclined orbits Semi-major axis is nearly constant Perigee radius and inclination to Moon orbit plans oscillate in unison, with period near 12 years for TESS For higher inclinations, AOP librates around 90 deg: helps avoid edipses











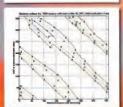
SWM/TESS: VoP Analysis

- Schematic Window Methodology (SWM)
- Uses Variation of Parameters (VoP) equations and geometric proxies of constraints
- Developed for Magnetospheric Multiscale (MMS) mission, also using highly excenting highly inclined orbit
- Allows fast aspessment of constraints
- Used to identify launch opportunity FAAN
- Led to 1 st guesses for GMAT trajectories

Eclipse Tolerance

- A critical decision was the number of batteries needed to survive eclipses
- Initial plan called for 2-hour maximum eclipses
- SWM analysis showed that 2-hour maximum eclipse restricted launch opportunities too much
- Led to decision to allow at least 4-hour eclipses
- Later raised to allow a 6-hour ecupse





GWAT: High-fidelity Design and Optimization

- High-fidelity, open-source mission analysis and design tool
- Strengths include flexible mission scripting optimization, wide applicability
- Fully tested, production quality, operationally cerafied with ACE mission





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